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☞Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are also increased.

AGUA DE MAGNOLIA.

A toilet delight. Superior to any cologne, used to bathe the face and person, to render the skin soft and fresh, to allay inflammation, to perfume clothing, for headache, &c. It is manufactured from the rich southern Magnolia, and is obtaining a patronage quite unprecedented. It is a favorite with actresses and opera singers. It is sold by all dealers, at $1,00 in large bottles, and by Demas Barnes & Co., New York, Wholesale Agents.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

S. T.---1860---X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid fever, constipation, &c., deserve to sufferif they will not try the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS, which are now recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and must supersede all other tonics where a healthy, gentle stimulant is required.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate.
They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet.
They strengthen the system and enliven the mind.
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers.
They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach.
They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation.
They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, wintergreen, sassafras, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has our private U. S. stamp unmutilated over the cork with plantation scene, and our signature on a fine steel plate side label. ☞. See that our bottle is not refilled with spurious and deleterious stuff. ☞Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon or in bulk, is an impostor. Any person imitating this bottle, or selling any other material therein, whether called Plantation Bitters or not, is a criminal under the U. S. Law, and will be so prosecuted by us. The demand for Drake's Plantation Bitters, from ladies, clergymen, merchants, &c., is incredible. The simple trial of a bottle is the evidence we present of their worth and superiority. They are sold by all respectable druggists, grocers, physicians, hotels, saloons, steamboats and country stores.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For cuts, sprains, burns, swellings and caked breasts, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is a certain cure.

For rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and bites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang Liniment.

For spavined horses, the poll evil, ringbone and sweeny, the Mexican Mustang Liniment never fails.

For wind-galls, scratches, big-head and splint, the Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so common and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor—it saves time in sending for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

"In lifting the kettle from the fire, it tipped over and scalded my hands terribly. * * * The Mustang Liniment extracted the pain, caused the sore to heal rapidly, and left very little scar.

CHAS. FOSTER, 420 Broad street, Philada.

Mr. S. Litch, of Hyde Park, Vt., writes: "My horse was considered worthless, (spavin,) but since the use of the Mustang Liniment I have sold him for $150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here."

All genuine is wrapped in steel plate engravings, signed, G. W Westbrook, Chemist, and also has the private U. S. stamp of Demas Barnes & Co., over the top.

Look closely, and be not deceived by counterfeits.

Sold by all Druggists at 25, 50 cts, and $1,00.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.
It eradicates scurf and dandruff.
It keeps the head cool and clean.
It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.
It prevents the hair turning gray and falling off.
It restores hair upon prematurely bald heads.

This is just what Lyon's Kathairon will do. It is pretty—it is cheap—durable. It is literally sold by the carload, and yet its almost incredible demand is daily increasing, until there is hardly a country store that does not keep it, or a family that does not use it.

E. THOMAS LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Who would not be beautiful? Who would not add to their beauty? What gives that marble purity and *distingue* appearance we observe upon the stage and in the city belle? It is no longer a secret. They use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its continued use removes tan, freckles, pimples, and roughness, from the face and hands, and leaves the complexion smooth, transparent, blooming and ravishing. Unlike many cosmetics, it contains no material injurious to the skin. Any Druggist will order it for you, if not on hand, at 50 cents per bottle.

W. E. HAGAN, Troy, N. Y. Chemist.

Demas Barnes & Co., Wholesale Agents, N. Y

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

Heinstreet's inimitable Hair Coloring is not a dye. All instantaneous dyes are composed of *lunar caustic*, and more or less destroy the vitality and beauty of the hair. This is the original Hair Coloring, and has been growing in favor over twenty years. It restores gray hair to its original color by gradual absorption, in a most remarkable manner. It is also a beautiful hair dressing. Sold in two sizes—50 cents and $1—by all dealers.

C. HEIMSTREET, Chemist,

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

LYON'S EXTRACT OF PURE JAMAICA GINGER—for Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flatulency, &c., where a warming stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity make it a cheap and reliable article for culinary purposes. Sold everywhere, at 50 cents per bottle. Ask for "LYON'S" Pure Extract. Take no other.

Saratoga Spring Water, sold by all Druggists.

july11, 1866—cowly

☞All the above articles for sale by S. S. SMITH, Huntingdon, Penna.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.

WM. LEWIS,
Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, Huntingdon, Pa.

PARCHMENT DEED PAPER—ruled, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PURE SPICES at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON ARE selling off at greatly reduced prices.

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at *LEWIS & CO'S* Family Grocery.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1866. NO. 5.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
POSTERS,
BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK,
LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC ST ORE

MILNWOOD ACADEMY,
SHADE GAP,
Huntingdon Co., Pa.

A SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The next session of this Institution will open, TUESDAY JULY 31st., and continue for a term of eleven weeks.

The large attendance during the last term is an evidence that the efforts being made, are duly appreciated. This School is recommended for its cheapness, and particularly for the healthfulness of the situation. It is connected with Mount Union, a station on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, from which it is distant seventeen miles, by a daily line of Stages. No efforts will be spared to make it one of the first schools of the land.

TERMS.—Boarding, Tuition and Room Rent, per session of eleven weeks, $45,00. One half at the commencement, and the balance at the close of the term. Music Extra.

For further particulars address,
W. A. HUNTER, Principal.
Shade Gap, Huntingdon Co., Pa.

July 2, 1866.

WARM SPRINGS.

THIS SUMMER RESORT

IS NOW OPEN,

and in splendid order.

The Bathing Facilities

were never so fine, the Bowling Alley is one of the best to be found, and a new Billiard Table has just been put up. No effort has been spared to secure the comfort of visitors.

Pleasure seekers are invited to call at the Springs—only five miles from Huntingdon, over a good road.

The TABLE is furnished with the best that the market affords, and every attention is given to please even the most fastidious.

Parties from the surrounding towns are cordially invited to visit the springs.

W. J. GEISSINGER,
Proprietor.

☞Hacks run daily, morning and evening, except Sunday, from Huntingdon to the Springs.

June 23, tf

NEW CHEAP CASH STORE
IN HUNTINGDON.

NEW GOODS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will be sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Every thing taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.

Huntingdon, Apl. 24, 1866.

MANTUA MAKING.

MRS. JOHN HOFFMAN & REBECCA MEGAHAN, are prepared to do all kinds of Mantua Making, and all kinds of plain sewing.

Both have had great experience in the sewing line, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the public, and especially that of the Ladies.

Their room is on Railroad street in the rear of Fishers' store.

Gentlemen's and other Shirts, Ladies' and Children's Dresses promptly made to order.

May 16, 1866.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

JAS. A. BROWN is Agent for the sale of our Nails and Spikes, at Huntingdon, Pa. It is well known that the Duncannon Nails are far superior in quality to any others offered in the Huntingdon market.

DEALERS, BUILDERS, and consumers generally will be supplied in quantities from one pound to one hundred kegs at manufacturers' prices by sending their orders or calling at his new mammoth Hardware store, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap10] DUNCANNON IRON CO.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken
UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at Lewis' Book store.
may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

CANNED PEACHES and Tomatoes Mixed Pickles, Tomatoe Catsup, Pepper sauce, &c., &c for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

CHOICE Dried Peaches, Apples, Currants, Prunes, Raisins, &c., &c., for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO wholesale and retail, at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP, go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at D. P. GWIN'S.

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN always on hand at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at *CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.*

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS constantly on hand at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS, For sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee in packages of one pound, for sale at *LEWIS & CO'S* Family Grocery.

WILLOW and CEDAR WARE for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

THE RADICALS IN CONGRESS.

STARTLING DISCLOSURES!

LETTER FROM H. J. RAYMOND.

We publish in full the editorial letter of Hon. Henry J. Raymond, editor of the New York *Times*, and a member of Congress from that city. Let those who have doubted the charges we have made against the Radical majority in Congress read it carefully, and then reflect as to the correctness of the course pursued by the *Globe*:

WASHINGTON, July 16.

Political panics are quite as mischievous in their way as panics in an army. Parties are demoralized, and sometimes routed, by the apprehension of dangers that prove to have been wholly imaginary. Sometimes, too, these fears create the dangers they dread, and thus fulfill their own predictions. The Union party in Congress is just now experiencing a panic of more than usual severity, and its action, under the circumstances, does more credit to its zeal than to its discretion.

You may have noticed the passage in the House, a few days since, of a resolution offered by General Paine, of Wisconsin, calling on the States to organize, discipline, and equip their militia, and directing that two-thirds of the arms, ordnance, and ammunition, now under custody of the general government, be distributed among the loyal States—the distribution among the loyal States to take place immediately, and that among the States lately in rebellion to be postponed until further orders. The resolution came up from the Committee on Military affairs, and was pushed to a vote without debate or delay, under the previous question. It attracted as little attention in Congress as it has in the country; and the public will doubtless receive with incredulity the assurance that it was intended, by those who secured its passage, as the first step towards preparation for another civil war. Although no debate was had upon it, members were urged to vote for it by direct conversational appeals on the floor on the part of the few who were privy to its introduction.—Some were told that it was necessary to enable the southern loyalists to protect themselves; others, that it was simply a matter of detail in the War Department; others, that the arms must be taken out of the hands of the President, and others, that it was proposed at the instance of the Secretary of War. An appeal was made by Mr. Kasson, of Iowa, to allow debate upon it, as it seemed to be a matter of importance—but this was refused.

Most of the leading and reflecting radicals in Congress take this view of the political future. If the fall elections result in the choice of northern Democrats enough to constitute, when added to the members from the southern States, a majority of the House, they assume that this majority, thus constituted, will claim to be the Congress, and will act accordingly, and that they will be recognized by the President as the body to which he will send his message, and whose sessions he will, if the necessity should arise, protect by military force. They assert, on the other hand, that the Union members from the loyal States, if they constitute a majority from those States will claim to be the only legal Congress, and will, if necessary, invoke an insurrection of the people to maintain them in that position. They do not in the least conceal their purposes, in the event of such a collision, to appeal to force, and to "drive the rival Congress, with the President and his Cabinet and supporters, into the Potomac," to use the language of one of the ablest and most sincere of their number. If you will recall the remarks of Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, in last week's caucus, you will see this movement clearly foreshadowed—indeed avowed. He declared his belief that an issue of *force* was rapidly approaching, and that we must be prepared to meet it. He acts, and all who co-operate with him in these measures profess to act, under the apprehension that the President intends to resort to force; that he means to disperse the present Congress on its reassembling in December, if it refuses to admit the southern members, and Mr. Farnsworth ascribed to Mr. Seward the declaration that this Congress should never reassemble unless the southern members were admitted, in support of this belief. I need scarcely say that Mr. Seward never made any remark of the kind, nor that the project ascribed to the President is purely an invention, or at best the crazy dream of a political nightmare. But in either case it serves the same purpose. It covers, and is held to justify, the determination to arouse the North, and for a resort to force upon the assembling of the Fortieth Congress in extra or regular session; and this determination is avowed. And the resolution to which I have referred, for an organization of the militia and a distribution of arms in the northern States, is the initial step to its execution.

I do not propose to comment upon the result of such a movement. It is obvious that if any such contingency should arise, the war would not be sectional, as was the last; it would be a war of political parties and of neighborhoods. Not only have the great body of the Union party in Congress no sympathy with these views and purposes, but they are in the main ignorant and incredulous of their existence. That the extreme Radicals entertain them, however, there is not the slightest doubt, and we know, from the experience of secession in 1861 how few men it sometimes requires to plunge a great party or a nation into war.

The Philadelphia Convention is another source of panic to the Union party. By the Radicals of whom I have spoken it is regarded as intended to pave the way for bringing northern Democrats and southern rebels into close concert of action under the protection of the President, at the opening of the next Congress, for the purpose referred to above. And by nearly the whole Union party as represented here it is believed that its object is to break up the Union organization and form a new party, which shall embrace Northern Democrats, southern rebels, and such portions of the Union party as may be detached from the old organization. It seems to be overlooked that the convention is called simply for consultation; that it is not proposed to make nominations for any office, to organize any new party, or to interfere in any way with existing political parties. Any one or all of these things may be done by the convention—but none of them are embraced or proposed in the call for it. Those who may do them in convention, or support them when done, will of course be responsible for their action. If the convention should take steps hostile to the Union party, no one could longer adhere to both. If it should make hostile nominations, or adopt a hostile platform, no one could support both. But until something of that sort is actually done, it is not easy to see why any man of any party may not go into consultation with its fellow-citizens, from every party and every section, without forfeiting his party relations. The idea that members of Congress have any right, in caucus or elsewhere to issue decrees of expulsion or exclusion in such a case, is simply absurd.

At the same time it is evident that the Philadelphia convention is regarded with great disfavor by all sections of the Union party. That party is not disposed to forget that it was the only political organization upon which the government relied during the war, and that it saved the integrity of the nation against the armed efforts of the rebels in the South and the political hostility of Democrats in the North. It feels, therefore, that it is now entitled to control the government as against both these parties, and it is not disposed to co-operate with either of them, or to accept their co-operation in any political action whatever. They objected to the first call for the Philadelphia convention, that it would admit all southern rebels who would not accept the Union they had tried to destroy, while it excluded many of the men who had saved it. They object to the second call, that while it excludes all Union men who insist on guarantees and conditions of restoration, it expressly hands over one-half the convention to those who opposed the Union party in the election of '64—giving them, in fact, the preponderance, inasmuch as in eleven States the Union party had at that time no existence, and can now, therefore, have no representation. And they are still further repelled by the eager alacrity with which the recent rebels of the South and the intense copperheads of the North, like Fernando Wood and Vallandigham, accept the invitation, and prepare to take part in its proceedings. The repugnance which they feel to a political association with men whose record is so utterly unpatriotic and so obnoxious to public reprobation, is by no means unnatural or unjust, and contributes largely to prejudice the public mind against the convention and all connected with it. It gives color to and confirms the charge that its object is to reinstate in office and in power men who have been justly expelled by the people for their crimes against the country, and to exclude those to whom the country is indebted for its salvation.

The Union party must not forget, however, that the Philadelphia convention is due entirely to its own failure to comprehend and meet the necessities of the hour. When the war was over and the rebellion suppressed, a powerful public sentiment, pervading all parties, demanded the prompt restoration of national action under the Constitution and in accordance with the fundamental principles of the government. If the Union party had responded to that sentiment, which was very powerful in its own ranks—if it had co-operated with the President, who did comprehend and sympathize with it—and had made the restoration of union, peace, and concord the first object of its endeavors, it would have broadened its own foundations and left neither motive nor excuse for any such movement as that which is now on foot. If Congress had, two months ago, admitted to their seats loyal members from Southern States, who could take the oath prescribed by law—in other words, if they had admitted the members from Tennessee and Arkansas, the only States which have sent such men, the Philadelphia convention would never have been heard of. Unfortunately the Union party, contrary to the judgment of very many of its own members, surrendered itself to the guidance of men with whom other things were more important than the peace and harmony of the country. It followed the lead of men who insisted upon "reconstructing" the government from its foundations instead of restoring the Union which the rebellion had for the time destroyed, and repairing the breaches which the war had made. It listened to tales of the provinces it had conquered, the new rights it had acquired, the absolute, unchecked power it now enjoyed; and while it was indulging its dreams of subjugation, of confiscation, of universal suffrage, and the elevation of the negro race, the enemy quietly stepped in and took possession of the stronghold of the Union and Constitution, where all its victories had been won, but which for the moment it seems to have deserted.

These defaults of its own have given the Philadelphia convention a degree of strength which it is not wise for the leaders of the Union party to ignore or underrate. By judicious counsels at the outset they might have prevented it. At a later stage they might have controlled it; it is not yet too late to save themselves from being ruined by it. But they will make a fatal mistake if they content themselves with ignoring or denouncing it. If it should happen to be under the guidance of wise and patriotic counsels—if the Southern delegates who may participate in its deliberations should proffer in their words and their action unmistakable evidence of the sincerity with which they accept the adverse result of the war they waged, and of their readiness to adapt their laws, their habits and their whole political action to the necessities which that result has created—if the northern Democrats, who share its action, should cut loose from the men and the measures which made them so justly obnoxious to public censure during the war, and should pledge themselves to the honor of the nation and to a liberal policy worthy alike of its history and destiny—if the platform of principles which the convention may adopt, and the action it may recommend, shall prove thus responsive to the enlarged and lofty aspirations of the national heart, it may be found that no party organization, however compact it may seem to be, and however strongly fortified by the memory of past services, can withstand its influence upon the sentiments and the action of the great body of the American people. It is a mistake to deem a party organization solid and unassailable merely because it looks so. A political party, like the ice of a frozen lake, melts away from beneath, and while at evening its surface may seem to be perfectly solid and untouched by rift or seam, the breeze of a single night may perfect the work which weeks of silent, unseen decay have been prepared. Doubts as to the continued necessity or usefulness of a party never begin with its leaders or active workers, but always with the silent masses who merely watch and think, while others act, and whose action, in a season of commotion, can never be predicted two weeks ahead. Nor must it be forgotten that the position of the Union party to-day is one which it has never held before. The issues to which it will stand committed are new to its organization and to the public mind. The people have never yet been called to vote upon them, and while they may seem to their zealous advocates and authors to be very strong, others may prove to be still stronger than they.

The Italian army suffered a sad reverse the other day, because, trusting in the goodness of its cause, it marched boldly upon fortresses whose strength it despised. The Union party will consult its own safety and the good of the country by not throwing itself against the Philadelphia convention until it knows a little more of the nature and strength of its armament.

[From the New York Times.]

The National Union Convention.

Judge Hughes, of Indiana, addressed the following letter to Governor Morton. It is a sensible and seasonable admonition:—

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Governor Morton:—The proposed Philadelphia Convention tends to the absorption by the Democratic party of the Conservative Union men of the North. I am not at present ready for such a fusion, if it is to be. Let the Democratic party first retire its conspicuous anti-war leaders and let sufficient time elapse for the grass to grow on the graves of the heroic dead. For the present I advise all Union men to remain steadfast in their own organization, hoping that its dissensions may yet be healed, and to keep aloof from proceedings which can only result in the election of the regular Democratic ticket in Indiana. I heartily approve of the Presidents policy, and regard him personally with esteem and friendship, and I would cheerfully participate in any meeting to express to the appreciation of his measures; but I am not ready to furnish material to the radicals by returning to power men who incited resistance to laws made to fill up the ranks of the army. I speak only for myself, and no other is responsible for this communication.

JAMES HUGHES.

The Rebellion *tested* parties and individuals. The democratic *organizations* proved disloyal, and now stand discredited before the world. The Democratic masses were loyal, and with praise worthy devotion raillied under the "Stripes and Stars" in defense of the Government and Union. There were also, leading Democrats, like General Dix, General Logan, etc., who took the field, while in our State, David Floyd Jones, William C, Murphy, etc., etc., in the Senate, were out-spoken and fearless against rebellion. In Congress, too, the late Mr. Odell, Mr. Kiernan, of Oneida, Mr. Galon, of Erie, etc., sustained, while the Woods, from this city, opposed the Government and war. There is a broad distinction—a wide gulf—between loyal and "Copperhead" Democracy. The former united with us earnestly in preserving the Government. Shall we not as cordially unite with them in the effort to restore the Union?

We said during the war, what we repeat now, that there was more merit in Southern than in Northern loyalty, for the reason that it cost more to be loyal in a slave than in a free State. We may add that it was more meritorious in a Democrat than in a Republican to join the army. Then reason is obvious. And shall we now, when laboring to restore and consolidate what our victorious arms achieved, refuse the co-operation of all who aided in putting down the Rebellion.

The Republican party has been disrupted and demoralized by Congress, whose warfare against the President and whose new political dogmas were designed to "drive him back into the Democratic party." In this the radicals failed. Though a Democrat until Mr. Buchanan's Democratic administration gave "aid and comfort" to rebellion, President JOHNSON united with Union men in 1860, and remained first among the foremost battling for the Union until victory rewarded our efforts. He regards the Democracy, as it was organized and controlled through the war, as a *discredited* party, a party holding the same relation to the Government during the recent war that the Federal held during the war with England. With these views, while gratefully accepting the co-operation of loyal Democrats, the President, standing in and with the Union party, intends to "fight it out" with radicalism "upon this line."

The Union National Convention call is addressed to the friends of the Union. It is an "entertainment" to which "Copperheads" are not invited. Northern men who were, during our four year's struggle for national existence, more than indifferent to the result; whose sympathies were with secessionists, and gave what encouragement they could to our enemies, are not embraced in that call, and should not be received if they obtrude themselves upon the Convention.

The National Convention was a wise and patriotic conception. It was demanded by a great public emergency. Congress has failed, signally failed, to garner up and preserve the fruits of peace. It refuses to restore the Union, or to cherish and cultivate good-will between peoples recently enemies. That sentiment, so popular on Fourth of July celebrations—"Enemies in war; in peace, friends"—has become obsolete. Congress is waging war against the Confederate States as vindictively as when we were in actual war; and against President Johnson with even more hatred than against Jefferson Davis. Indeed, the *Tribune* (organ of radicalism), while its attacks upon President Johnson are "false and malicious," is so enamored with Jefferson Davis that it offered to "go bail" for him, and denounces the Government as "cruel," for holding the Rebel chief in Fortress Monroe. For "universal negro suffrage" the *Tribune* ostentatiously offers "universal amnesty," permitting Davis, Benjamin, Wigfall, Slidell, Mason, etc., to resume their seats in the U. S. Senate.

Disloyal and discarded politicians are endeavoring to restore themselves to favor and place by rushing into the Union National Convention. But they are destined to disappointment. It is hoped and believed that patriotic counsels will prevail. It would be impertinent and indecent in such men for example as Vallandigham, of Ohio, William B. Reed, of Pennsylvania, or Fernando Wood, of this State, to present themselves as delegates to a Union convention. The men who endeavored to destroy both the Government and Union have no right to sit in a Union Convention, and unless *they* are excluded, good, and true men will exclude themselves.

In any event, therefore, disloyal parties will not profit by the Philadelphia Convention. That Convention was called for patriotic purposes. If, by possibility, bad men get control of it, they will be left to do what they so effectually accomplished in all the conventions they controlled during the war—use their party and themselves up.

Letter from Secretary Seward.

Letter from Secretary Seward on the Philadelphia Convention.

The following important letter has just been made public:—

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, July 11—Sir:—Excuse me for expressing surprise that you ask me whether I approve of the call of a proposed Union National Convention at Philadelphia. After more than five years of dislocation by civil war, I regard a restoration of the unity of the country its most immediate as well as its most vital interest. That restoration will be complete when the loyal men are admitted as representatives of the loyal people of eleven States so long unrepresented in Congress. Nothing but this can complete it. Nothing more remains to be done, and nothing more is necessary. Every day's delay is attended by multiplying and increasing inconveniences, embarrassments, and dangers, at home and abroad. Congress possesses the power exclusively. Congress, after a session of seven months, still omits to exercise that power. What can be done to induce Congress to act? This is the question of the day. Whatever is done must be done in accordance with the Constitution and laws. It is in perfect accordance with the Constitution and laws that the people of the United States shall assemble by delegates in convention, and that when so assembled they shall address Congress by respectful petition and remonstrance; and that the people in their several States, Districts, and Territories, shall approve, sanction, and unite in such respectful representations to Congress.

No one party could do this effectually, or even seems willing to do it alone. No local or popular organization could do it effectually. It is the interest of all parties alike, of all the States, and of all sections—a national interest of the whole people. The Convention, indeed, may not succeed in inducing Congress to act; but if they fail, the attempt can make matters no worse. It will be a lawful and patriotic attempt made in the right direction—an effort to be remembered with pride and satisfaction whether it succeed or fail. The original Union of the States was brought about by movements of the same character. The citizens who objects to the Convention is bound to propose a better plan of proceedings to effect the desired end. No other plan is offered, or even thought of. Those who should oppose it would seem to me to manifest at best unconcern, if not opposition, to all reconstruction, reorganization, and reconciliation between the alienated masses of the American people. To admit that the convention will fail, would be to admit that the people of the United States are deficient in either wisdom or the virtue necessary to continue the existence of the republic. I believe no such thing. A great political writer says that government is a secular religion, and that the people of every country are divided into two classes, each maintaining a distinct political faith, the one class always fearing the very worst that can possibly happen, and the other hoping under every circumstance, the very best that can in event happen. Without accepting this theory as absolutely true. I think that all men do generally act from a motive to guard against public danger, or else from a positive desire to do good. Both classes may, therefore favor the present attempt to restore the unity of the nation.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
WM. H. SEWARD.

Hon. J. R. Doolittle, Chairman Executive Committee, etc.

COURT AFFAIRS.

AUGUST TERM, 1866.

TRIAL LIST.
AUGUST TERM, 1866.
FIRST WEEK.

Com. of Penna. ex relatione David F. Tussey,	vs John B. Tussey.
Jane Ann Speer	vs William Bennett.
Adolphus Patterson	vs Isaac Zimmerman.
John Dougherty	vs Wm. S. Entrekin, Gar.
Moses Robinson, for use	vs Wm. Porter's admr's.
George Sturk	vs Doll & Orbison.
John Trees	vs Samo.
Moses Mock	vs G. Dorsey Green
Joseph Kemp	vs Samo
John M. Stonerend	vs Geo. W. Owens, with not.
H. Bucher Swoope	vs John R. Flanigan
James McIlduff for use	vs Jno. Hamilton, with not.
B. M. Jones & Co.	vs James Clark's admrs.
Robert Gill	vs John O'Neill
The county of Huntingdon	vs A. S. Harrison et al

W. C. WAGONER, Prothonotary.

GRAND JURORS.

Jackson Beaver, farmer, Penn
Wesley Crotsley, farmer, Cass
Daniel Conrad, farmer, Franklin
Francis Campbell, farmer, Shirley
John R. Dean, farmer, Juniata
Jacob Eastep, laborer, Union
Jacob Goodman, mill-wright, Brady
Joel Kauffman, farmer, Brady
Robert King, tailor, Huntingdon
Simon Locke, blacksmith, Dublin
John Love, J. P., Barree
Edward McHugh, manager, Carbon
Perry Moore, farmer, Morris
Jacob Miller, farmer, Barree
Samuel Musser, farmer, West
Jno. Potter, pump maker, Huntingdon
Levi Putt, farmer, Hopewell
John Stinson, farmer, Carbon
Peter Shaffer of John, farmer, Morris
Jacob Taylor, farmer, Tod
Isaac Taylor, farmer, Tod
Jonathan Walls, farmer, West
David Whitsell, farmer, Oneida
Josiah Curfman, farmer, Cass

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

David Ashton, farmer, Springfield
William Browster, M. D., Huntingdon
David Bowman, farmer, Shirley
Joseph Bears, farmer, Cromwell
Oliver Curfman, farmer, Tod
Richard Colegate, farmer, Cromwell
Joseph Curfman, farmer, Cass
Robert Cummins, farmer, Jackson
M. F. Campbell, farmer, Union
Oliver Etnier, farmer, Shirley
Levi Evans, J. P., Coalmont
David Foster, distiller, Brady
David Gates, farmer, Franklin
James Gifford, farmer, Tell
Joshua Greenland, farmer, Huntingdon
Samuel Grove, farmer, Brady
Abraham Grubb, carpenter, Walker
William Hughes, farmer, Oneida
Hays Hamilton, manager, Franklin
Andrew Hoffner, miller, Walker
William Hampson, mechanic, Shirley
Henry Harris, farmer, Penn
John Ingram, farmer, Franklin
Samuel Kessinger, farmer, Penn
Lewis Knode, farmer, Porter
John M. Leach, mill-wright, Franklin.
Adam Lightner, farmer, West
Christian Miller, farmer, Cass
John McWilliams, farmer, Franklin
John Morrow, farmer, Dublin
William Neff, laborer, Porter
Henry G. Neff, farmer, Porter
Samuel Neff, farmer, Porter
Jacob Nearhoof, farmer, Warriormark
David Peterson, farmer, Dublin
Henry Putt, farmer, Hopewell
John Porter, gentleman, Alexandria
Samuel Stoffey, farmer, Jackson
James Stewart, farmer, Jackson
Michael Sprankle, farmer, Morris
David Shoup, mason, Hopewell
George Stever, farmer, Cass
Wilson Watson, plasterer, Walker
Elijah Weston, farmer, Warriormark
John Warfel, farmer, Henderson
A. A. White, farmer, Oneida
Lee Wilson, farmer, Barree
J. D. Boren, inn-keeper, Cassville

☞At an evening party, a very elderly lady was dancing with a young partner. A stranger approached Jerrold, who was looking on, and said: "Pray, sir, can you tell me who is the young gentleman dancing with that very elderly lady?" "One of the humane society, I should think," replied Jerrold.

☞A drunkard, upon hearing that the earth was round, said that it accounted for rolling off so much.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.

Wednesday morning, Aug. 1, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Maj. Gen. John W. Geary,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

"What the *Republican* Party Demand."—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

"What the *Democratic* Party Demand."—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

We notice of late that many of the radical Republican papers of the State, speak of the two political parties of the State as *"the Republican party"* and *"the Democratic party."* The *Journal & American*, also radical, sometimes condescends to style the Union organization the "Union Republican Party," but most generally speaks of it as the "Republican Party." We are at a loss to see the object the radicals have in view in claiming the Union Party organization as a "Republican Party," unless it is for the purpose of *disorganizing*, as far as possible, the Union Party. We know of no such national organization as the "Republican Party." We know of no such State organization as the "Republican Party." Neither do we know of any "Republican Party" organization in this county. The National Convention wiped out the idea of a Republican National organizations—and we have not heard of a *"Republican* State Convention" being held in this State since the war commenced. And to come nearer home—when was there a "Republican County Convention" held? During the war every man, Democrat, American and Republican, who supported the Administration in good faith was a Union man and was a recognized member of a *Union organization*—a Union Party." Are all Union Democrats,—and all other Union men who can not endorse the radical measures of radical Republicans, to understand, now, that the conduct of the radicals in claiming the Union Party as a "Republican Party"—means a repudiation by them of the "Union Party"—a repudiation of the Union Party organization? If such is the object of the radicals and their organ in this county, we, speaking for ourself and other Union Democrats and other Union men, invite the radicals to the issue. If the radicals of this county desire to get rid of what sounds unpleasant in their ears—and is unpleasant to their sight—the "Union Party"—they will have an opportunity to change the name of the organization when the Delegate Convention of the "Union Party" meets in this place the second week in August. And speaking for ourself, we desire that Convention to select its colors and be manly enough to stand by them. No *good can result from* the practice of deception. If a Union Party is to exist during the present campaign, it must exist in spirit and in action, and not in name only. If the radical delegates to that Convention should desire a dissolution of partnership—a dissolution of the Union Party—the withdrawal or expulsion of the Union Democrats and conservative Republicans—all that will be necessary to accomplish such a purpose will be the adoption of a resolution saying so in plain words; and we ask the voters of the Union Party of the county to attend the delegate elections and make their sentiments known in the selection of delegates. We shall be satisfied with the action of the delegates, no matter what their decision may be on the question as we present it. Union conservative men have no idea of remaining in an organization as mere hewers of wood and drawers of water.

CURTIN OR CAMERON.

The most important issue before the Union County Convention to be held in this place on Tuesday the 14th of August, will be the nomination of either a Curtin or a Cameron man for the Legislature. A U. S. Senator will be elected by the next Legislature, and the two most prominent men for that position are Gov. Curtin and Simon Cameron. If the friends of Andrew G. Curtin desire to see him successful over Mr. Cameron, they will not fail to attend the township delegate elections and elect men as delegates who will vote in Convention for no other than an open and avowed friend of Curtin. United States Senator is an important position—and delegates must not forget that they are voting to fill that office when they make their choice for the Legislature. If the widows and the orphans of the State could have the selection of the man to occupy a seat in the United States Senate, that man would be Andrew G. Curtin. But the soldiers and their friends who have votes, know Governor Curtin and they will not forget or desert him. Let the issue be made in the selection of delegates, at every election district in the county on Saturday the 11th of August.

SUCCESS OF THE ATLANTIC CABLE.—The Atlantic Cable has been successfully laid. The steamer Great Eastern arrived off Heart's Content, on the morning of the 27th of July. It is in complete working order.

☞Hon. A. W. Randall, was on the 25th, confirmed by the Senate as Post Master General.

"PROSCRIPTION."—Under this head the last *Journal & American* makes an ungentlemanly and unjustifiable attack upon the political character of J. Sewell Stewart, U. S. Revenue Assessor of this Congressional District. The offices of Assessor, Collector, etc., etc., have been in existence for four or five years—they are a part of a policy adopted by an Administration we have given a support, quite as steadily and as honestly, and with as good effect as the *Journal & American* dare claim to have given it—and until very lately the *Journal & American* has been receiving *all* the printing patronage at the disposal of the gentlemen occupying the offices. And now, because Mr. Stewart sees proper to do us justice by giving us a share of his patronage we have for years been entitled to, that paper denounces him as a traitor to his party, a hireling lickspittle, a coward, etc. The *Journal & American* editors should remember that we have at least equal claims with them to the patronage of all offices created since the commencement of the rebellion, and we do not think their abuse of Mr. Stewart for giving us eight or ten dollars worth of printing will pay them for their trouble.

The editors connected with the *Journal & American* during the past five years have been well cared for by the Union party. One, Robert McDivitt, has held the office of County Superintendent for two terms. Another, John Nash, held the office of Co. Treasurer for two years, and as one of his bail we may yet be "stuck." S. G. Whittaker held the office of Assistant Assessor from the time it was created, and continues to hold it. We assisted each one of these editors to the offices held by them, not asking for or receiving any favors from them or the Union party, as a reward for our friendly offerings. If the *Journal & American* editors think they have not been sufficiently rewarded for their labors, the people will think they value their services considerably above par.

Poor Devil! what a miserable creature Robert McDivitt must be. We would not feel as he certainly does, for all the wealth of this world. He must feel miserable or he could not write the way he does. Because Mr. Stewart did not give him a job of printing, the profits of which would be about three dollars, he issues an appeal of a column in length to the public—the following are a few specimen lines:

"Think of it, parents, whose only earthly stay has been given to save the nation, and whose tremulous arms can never again lean for support on the son of your old age; where loved ones have fallen beneath the hand of traitors, or died amid the sickening horrors of Southern prison pens; WE ARE PROSCRIBED."

Horrible! Who can think of the outrage committed by Mr. Stewart, without shedding tears sufficient to drive a saw mill. Sewell, you should have known that to deny Robert a dollar, you would keep from him that which is his God. We hope the Orphan children of Cassville will contribute sufficient to cover Robert's loss. How happy he would be could he know that his stirring appeal had touched the hearts of the orphans. We feel just now like contributing the whole amount ourself, but in case we should, others would be denied a like pleasure, or Robert would get more than he lost, so we have concluded to subscribe 2½ cents, conditional that the balance is made up by those he appealed to. Those who have tears to shed, shed them now for Robert, and do not forget the coppers.

THE 14TH AUGUST CONVENTION.—We have heard men object to taking part in "the Union National Convention" to be held in Philadelphia on the 14th of August, on the ground that such action might bind them to support any policy or platform the majority might adopt. No man will enter that Convention with any such understanding—every delegate will be free either to endorse or reject a platform —to approve or disapprove the action of the Convention. A pledge binding the delegates to submit to the decree of the majority will not be given by any man in or out of the Convention. We look upon that Convention as we would upon a town meeting called for the purpose of devising ways and means to save the town from destruction. If good, wise and influential men will not make an effort to restore national unity, fraternity and harmony, our country will soon be in a deplorable condition. We all remember that a few years ago, all men, *without respect to party associations*, were called *upon to* rally as one man, to save the country, and now, *just now*, it is just as important to rally in the same spirit as then.

The enemies of peace and harmony, wherever found, must be put down; and we care not where found—to what party they may belong—we shall oppose their election or selection to any public position.

"The admission of Tennessee is all that our loyal Senators and Representatives sought to secure."—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

If you mean the majority of both Houses, then why was not Tennessee admitted six months ago. Everybody knows that President Johnson has from the commencemet of the session urged her admission, and because he favored her admission and the majority in both houses opposed it, the present difficulty in the Union party was originated.

Abandoning their Platform.

We make the following extract from the proceedings of the House of Representatives of Wednesday last:

The speaker presented a letter from the sergeant at arms, submitting the question as to the time to which the compensation of the Tennessee members should date back, and stated that as it embodied a new question he would refer it to the House.

Mr. Stevens remarked that he did not think there was any difficulty about it. Those gentlemen were members from the day of their election, as it finally turned out. (Laughter.) He moved that they be paid mileage and compensation from the 4th of March, 1865, the beginning of the present Congress.

Mr. Dawes expressed the same opinion, and said there was precedent for it in the case of the Louisiana members in the thirty-seventh Congress.

Mr. Stevens' motion was agreed to.

With a burst of laughter it is admitted that these gentlemen have been members since the day of their election, *as it finally turned out.* What was it that *turned out* to miraculously convert the gentlemen from Tennessee into members of Congress? What was the grand discovery which opened the eyes of the Radical members of that body and enabled them to see what they have so long denied, and for maintaining which they have so shamelessly reviled the President? It is not pretended that they had *official* evidence that the State of Tennessee had adopted the amendment to the Constitution, and they knew that the preamble to the resolution asserting it was a falsehood.

They have with a laugh abandoned everything for which they have contended and have acknowledged that the southern States are entitled to representation, and have been so entitled during the whole time of their malicious war fare upon President Johnson.

Can it be that in enlightened America there can be found grown up men stupid enough to be led by the nose by these shameless tricksters, after they have openly confessed the fraud which they have so long labored to impose upon the people?

The Pay of Congressmen and our Soldiers.

Congress adjourned on Saturday last, but not before the members voted to add *two thousand dollars* a year to their pay. And this done at a time too when taxes are high, and members hesitate to vote soldiers a reasonable bounty.

The following we clip from the proceedings of the House of Saturday:

Mr. Banks rose and presented the Conference report on the Civil bill, which was thereupon read by the Clerk. It retains the provision for the increase of the compensation of members and Senators, with an additional amendment fixing the pay of the Speaker at $8000 per annum.

In relation to bounty, the committee reports an additional section, enacting that every soldier who enlisted after the 19th of April, 1861, for a period of not less than three years, and who, after having served his time of enlistment has been honorably discharged, and who has received or is entitled to receive from the United States under the existing laws a bounty of $100 and no more; and every such soldier honorably discharged on account of wounds, and the widow, minor children, or parents of such soldiers who died in the service or from disease or wounds contracted in the service in the line of duty, shall be paid the additional bounty of one hundred dollars.

The soldier who enlisted for two years, and who is entitled to a Government bounty of fifty dollars under the existing laws, is to get under the like conditions, an additional bounty of $50.

TENNESSEE.

Message of President Johnson Signing the Resolution Restoring Tennessee to her Former Rights and Privileges.--He Confesses his Dislike to the Document.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The President this afternoon transmitted the annexed message, namely:

To the House of Representatives:

The following joint resolution, restoring Tennessee to her relations to the Union, was last evening presented for my approval:

"*Whereas*, In the year 1861 the government of the State of Tennessee was seized upon and taken possession of by persons in hostility to the United States, and the inhabitants of said State, in pursuance of an act of Congress, were declared to be in a state of insurrection against the United States: *And whereas*, the said State government can only be restored to its former political relations in the Union by the consent of the law making power of the United States: *And whereas*, the people of the said State did, on the 22d day of February, 1865, by a large popular vote, adopt and ratify a constitution of government whereby slavery was abolished and all ordinances and laws of secession and debts contracted under the same were declared void: *And whereas*, a State government has been organized under the said constitution, which has ratified the amendment to the Constitution of the United States abolishing slavery, also the amendment proposed by the thirty-ninth Congress, and has done other acts proclaiming and denoting loyalty; therefore, be it

"*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled*, That the State of Tennessee is hereby restored to her former proper practical relations to the Union, and is again entitled to be represented by Senators and Representatives in Congress."

The preamble simply consists of statements, some of which are assumed, while the resolutions is merely a declaration of opinion It comprises no legislation, nor does it confer any power which is binding upon the respective Houses, the Executive or the States. It does not admit to their seats in Congress the Senators and Representatives from the State of Tennessee; for notwithstanding the passage of the resolution, each House, in the exercise of the constitutional right to judge for itself of the election, returns and qualification of its members, may at its discretion admit or continue to exclude them. If a joint resolution of this character were necessary and binding as a condition precedent to the admission of members of Congress, it would happen, in the event of a veto by the Executive, that Senators and Representatives could only be admitted to the halls of legislation by a two-thirds vote of each of the two Houses.

Among other reasons recited in the preamble for the declarations contained in the resolution, is the ratification, by the State government of Tennessee, of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States abolishing slavery, and also the amendment proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress. If, as is also declared in the preamble, the said State government can only be restored to its former political relations in the Union by the consent of the law-making power of the United States, it would really seem to follow that the joint resolution, which at this late day has received the sanction of Congress, should have been passed, approved, and placed on the statute books before any amendment to the Constitution was submitted to the Legislature of Tennessee for ratification. Otherwise, the inference is plainly deducible that while, in the opinion of Congress, the people of a State may be too strongly disloyal to be entitled to representation, they may, nevertheless, during the suspension of their former practical relations to the Union, have an equally potent voice with other and loyal States in proposition to amend the Constitution, upon which so essentially depends the stability, prosperity, and very existence of the Union.

A brief reference to my annual message of the 4th of December last will show the steps taken by the Executive for the restoration to their constitutional relations to the Union of the States that had been affected by the rebellion. Upon the cessation of active hostilities provisional governors were appointed, conventions called, governors elected by the people, Legislatures assembled, and Senators and Representatives chosen to the Congress of the United States.

At the same time the courts of the United States were re-opened, the blockade removed, the custom-houses re-established, the postal operations resumed. The amendment to the Constitution, abolishing slavery forever within the limits of the country, was also submitted to the States, and they were thus invited to, and did, participate in a ratification, thus exercising the highest functions pertaining to a State. In addition, nearly all of these States, through their conventions and Legislatures, had adopted and ratified the amendment to the Constitution, whereby slavery was abolished, and all ordinances and laws of secession, and debts contracted under the same, were declared void.

So far, then, the political existence of the States and their relations to the Federal Government had been fully and completely recognized and acknowledged by the Executive Department of the Government; and the completion of the work of restoration, which had progressed so favorably, was submitted to Congress, upon which devolved all questions pertaining to the admission to their seats of the Senators and Representatives chosen from the States whose people had engaged in the rebellion.

All these steps had been taken when, on the 4th day of December, 1865, the Thirty-ninth Congress assembled. Nearly eight months have elapsed since that time, and no other plan of restoration having been proposed by Congress for the measures instituted by the Executive, it is now declared in the joint resolution submitted for my approval, that the State of Tennessee is hereby restored to her former practical relations to the Union, and is again entitled to be represented by Senators and Representatives in Congress. Thus, after a lapse of nearly eight months, Congress proposes to pave the way to the admission to representation of one of the eleven States whose people arrayed themselves in rebellion against the constitutional authority of the Federal Government. Earnestly desiring to relieve every cause of further delay, whether real or imaginary on the part of Congress, to the admission to seats of loyal Senators and Representatives from the State of Tennessee, I have, notwithstanding the anomalous character of this proceeding, affixed my signature to the resolution. My approval, however, is not to be construed as an acknowledgement of the right of Congress to pass laws preliminary to the admission of duly qualified Representatives from any of the States. Neither is it to be considered as committing me to all the statements made in the preamble, some of which are in my opinion without foundation in fact, especially the assertion that the State of Tennessee has ratified the amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress. No official notice of such ratification has been received by the Executive, or filed in the Department of State; on the contrary, unofficial information from most reliable sources induces the belief that the amendment has not yet been constitutionally sanctioned by the Legislature of Tennessee. The right of each House under the Constitution, to judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members is undoubted, and my approval or disapproval of the resolution could not in the slightest degree increase or diminish the authority in this respect, conferred upon the two branches of Congress.

In conclusion I cannot too earnestly repeat my recommendation for the admission of Tennessee and all other States to a fair and equal participation in national legislation, when they present themselves in the persons of loyal Senators and Representatives, who can comply with all the requirements of the Constitution and the laws. By this means, harmony and reconciliation will be effected, the practical relations of all the States to the Federal Government re-established, and the work of restoration inaugurated upon the termination of the war successfully completed.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 24, '66.

THE BEST SHORE FISH for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery.

CHOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

ENVELOPES—By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED,

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS,

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yenter's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, 24 Division, 17th Collection District, Penna., comprising the counties of Huntingdon and Mifflin,

NOTICE!

The annual assessment for the above named Division, of all persons liable to a tax on Income, Carriages, Watches, Pianos, Gold or Silver Plate, and Billiard Tables, and also of all persons required to take out Licenses, having been completed, notice is hereby given, that the taxes aforesaid have become due and payable, and will be received at the following places and times, to wit:

At Huntingdon, Huntingdon co., July 25 and August 1 and 2, at office.
Spruce Creek, " Friday, August 3d.
Reedsville, Mifflin county, Tuesday, August 7th, "
Lewistown, " Aug. 8 & 9 at Milliken's office.
and at my office again, in Huntingdon, on August 10th.

PENALTIES.

All persons who fail to pay their annual taxes, as aforesaid, will be notified by mail, at a charge of twenty cents for each notice, then if the tax be not paid within ten days from date of said notice, *a penalty of ten per centum will be added, and a warrant immediately be issued collecting tax with heavy cost.*

All persons who, in like manner, shall fail to take out their Licenses, as required by law, will incur *a penalty of three times the amount of said licenses*, in accordance with the provisions of the 50th section of the Excise law aforesaid, and persons doing business without License subject themselves to imprisonment for two years.

United States Treasury notes, and notes of the different National Banks, only, received for taxes. No further public notice will be given. JAS. C. CLARKE,
Huntingdon, July 29, 1866-2t Deputy Collector.

THE

ÆTNA

AND THE

PORTLAND FIRE!

ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, JULY 1, 1866.

Cash on hand in bank and with agents	$467,320 09
United States Stock	812,277 25
Real estate, unincumbered	90,359 05
State stocks	497,090 00
New York Bank Stocks	734,170 00
Hartford Bank stocks	270,810 00
Miscellaneous bank stocks	129,000 00
Railroad stocks, etc	273,067 50
Mortgage bonds, city, county and railroad	1,011,136 66
TOTAL	$4,075,830 55

LIABILITIES.

Losses unadjusted and not due	$221,236 35
Net	$3,854,594 20
INCOME for last year (net)	$2,933,399 91
Or a daily income of say	$9,300.
LOSSES AND EXPENSES for same time	$2,541,294 20
TOTAL LOSSES paid in 47 years	$19,127,410 06
Viz: Fire, $17,243,000 99. Inland, $1,884,409 07.	
Government and State Taxes	$179,178 31

LOSS

By Portland Fire, July 4th.

The total amount covered by Ætna policies on property destroyed or damaged is $206,854, on which salvage will be about 5 per cent. Our total loss will not vary much from $200,000, and is being promptly adjusted and paid. *This sum is* 5 per cent upon the assets, a figure but slightly exceeding our government and State taxes paid last year, or a proportion equal to a $5000 loss for a company of $100,000 assets.

The necessity for insurance and the value of wealthy, stron corporations, is forcibly illustrated by this fire.—Several weak Insurance Companies have been destroyed, Portland has a population of 35,000; was handsomely built, mostly fine brick or stone structures—protected and screened with upwards of 3000 shade trees—bounded on three sides by water—indeed, literally, almost rising from the ocean—and with a good steam fire department —yet it has $10,000,000 of property consumed in a few hours—upon a holiday when its people are least occupied —from the very insignificant cause of a contemptible fire cracker.

Remember the trifling origin of fires that sweep away in a few hours the earnings of years. Consider your best interests and give the Ætna agent a call if you need proper Insurance security. Policies issued at fair terms.

R. A. MILLER & CO., Agents,
jy25-3t Huntingdon, Pa.

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. H. WOODS,

AUTHORIZED GOVERNM'T AGENT,

And Attorney for Soldiers and their Friends.

He will prosecute and collect, with unrivalled success, Soldiers' Claims and Dues of all kinds. Also, any other kind of Claim against the Government, before any of the Departments.

Invalid Soldiers, Attention!

The act of Congress, approved June 6, 1866, gives additional pensions to the following class of persons:

1st. To those who have lost the sight of both eyes, or both hands, or are totally disabled in the same so as to require constant attendance, the sum of $25 per month.

2d. To those who have lost both feet, or are totally disabled in the same so as to require constant attendance, the sum of $20 per month.

3d. To those who have lost one hand or one foot, or are so disabled as to render them unable to perform manual labor equivalent to the loss of a hand or foot, the sum of $15 per month.

4th. Persons who have been deprived of their pensions under Act of March 3, 1 65, in consequence of being in the civil service of the United States Government, are restored.

5th. Invalid pensioners who died after the application for their pension had been filed, and before the issuing of the pension certificate, and who have left widows or minor children, such widows or minor children will be entitled to receive arrears due at the death of the soldier.

6th. Dependent fathers and brothers under sixteen years of age are entitled to pensions.

Soldiers of 1812!

All soldiers, or soldiers' widows, of the war of 1812, who have served two months, or been wounded or disabled in such service, if in necessitous circumstances, are entitled to a annuity of $96.

All who have brought home the bodies of friends who died or were killed in the service of the United States, are entitled to receive transportation for the same.

All discharged soldiers who did not receive transportation to their places of enlistment when discharged, are entitled to receive it; and also all who were held as prisoners of war, and did not receive commutation of rations when released or discharged, are *entitled to it.*

Local Bounty.

All veteran soldiers who gave their credit to districts in the State of Pennsylvania, and who received no local bounty, are entitled to receive three hundred dollars.

Soldiers of the Veteran Reserve Corps who received certificates of merit are entitled to from twenty to one hundred dollars additional pay, which can be obtained by addressing the undersigned.

All persons having any of the above mentioned claims, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, will please address me, giving full particulars, enclosing a stamp for return postage, and they will receive a prompt reply.

W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,
jy25,1866 HUNTINGDON, PA.

$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. ce 201305-1y

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of black and fancy Cassimeres at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES for wagons of all sizes, for sale at the hardware store of [jo14,1866] JAS. A. BROWN.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery. Call and see.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday, the 13th day of August next, (1866,) to wit:

1 The account of George Hite, Administrator of Malinda Clark, late of Tod township, deceased.
2 The administration account of Elizabeth Stone and Jacob Stone, administrators of Adam Stone, late of Hopewell township, deceased.
3 Account of Abraham Stats, *executor of Nancy Lloyd*, late of Walker township, deceased.
4 Account of Andrew Brumbaugh, administrator of Abraham Brumbaugh, late of Hopewell township dec'd.
5 Final administration account of J. Elliott Harper and A. S. Harper. Executors of William Harper, late of Dublin twp., dec'd.
6 Account of Samuel Steffey, administrator of Samuel Wilson, late of Jackson township, deceased.
7 Account of George W. Roller, administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo of Jacob G. Huyett, late of Porter township, deceased.
8 Partial account of William Madden, administrator cum testamento annexo of Jacob Booher, late of Springfield township, deceased.
9 First and final account of William Madden, Trustee to sell the real estate of Richard Madden, late of Clay township, deceased.
10 The account of John Long, Guardian of Adaline C McKinstry, daughter of Samuel McKinstry, dec'd, who is now of age.
11 The account of John Eyer and David Eyer and David E. Myers, administrators of Samuel Myers, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased.
12 Account of Eliza McConeaghy, administratrix of Andrew McConeaghy, late of Cromwell township, dec'd.
13 The account of Charles W. Steel, administrator of Elizabeth Steel, late of Union township, deceased.
14 Administration account of William A. Whittaker and John A. Whittaker, administrators of Thomas Whittaker, late of Porter township, deceased.
15 Administration account of John Foster, administrator of Thomas Ewing, late of West township, deceased.
16 Account of John Madden, administrator of Richard Madden, late of Springfield township, deceased.
17 The final account of Dr. John McCulloch, guardian of Joseph W. Cunningham and Mary M. Cunningham, minor children of James A. Cunningham, deceased, the said Joseph W. Cunningham being now also deceased, and the said Mary M. Cunningham having attained her majority.
18 The partial accounts of Dr. John McCulloch, guardian of John M. Cunningham and Sarah E. Cunningham, minor children of James A. Cunningham; deceased.
19 The account of John W. Mattern, administrator of *Rebecca Fink, who was the widow and administratrix of* Solomon Fink, late of Penn township, deceased.
20 The account of Anthony Park, administrator of Jacob Showalter, deceased.
21 The account of J. A. Nash, administrator of Charles S. Black, deceased.
22 Account of Geo. W. Kesselring, Trustee to sell Real estate of John Slates, late of Clay township, deceased.

DANIEL W. WOLMELSDORF,
Register's Office, } Register.
Hunt., July 14, '66. }

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Inventories of the goods and chattels set to widows, under the provisions of the act of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county and will be presented for "approval by the Court" on Monday the 13th day of August next, (1866,) to wit:

1. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Wm. Dean, late of Hopewell twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Sophia Dean.
2. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of James Gilliam, late of Union twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Margaret Gilliam, under the act of Assembly of 1851.
3. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Charles W. Hardy, late of Jackson twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Sarah A. Hardy.
4. The inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Robert Lee late of Penn township, deceased, set apart to Margaret Lee and Rachel Lee minor children of said deceased.
5. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, which were of Samuel M. Stewart late of Jackson twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Sela Stewart.
6. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Alexander Coulter, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Jane Coulter.
7. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Mahlon Spanogle, late of Warriorsmark tp., deceased, set apart to his widow.
8. Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, which were of Benjamin Figart, late of Morris twp., deceased, set apart to his widow Caroline Figart.
9. The supplemental Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Abram Ramsey, late of Springfield township deceased, set apart to his widow Elizabeth Ramsey.
10 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, which were of J. J. Fee, late of the borough of Huntingdon, deceased, set apart to his widow Julia Ann Fee.
11 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of Philip Bousiough, late of Porter twp, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Bousiough.
12 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John Miller, late of Shirley township, deceased, set apart to his widow Mary Miller.
13 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John Ambrose, late of West township deceased, set apart to his widow.

DANIEL WOMELSDORF,
July 18, 1866. Register.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY, S. S.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Solomon F. Finch, late of Huntingdon county, GREETING:

Whereas, Jemima C. Finch, by her next friend John O. Rouse, did on the 5th of January, 1866, prefer her petition to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county of Huntingdon, praying that for the causes therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you the said Solomon F. Finch,

We do therefore command you as before commanded, the said SOLOMON F. FINCH, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your own proper person before our Judges at Huntingdon at our county court of Common Pleas there to be held for the said county on the second Monday of August next to answer the petition or libel of the said Jemima C Finch and to show cause, if any you have, why the said Jemima C. Finch, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the acts of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth in such case made and provided, an l hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable George Taylor, Esquire, President of our said court, at Huntingdon, the 20th day of April, 1866. W. C. WAGONER,
jy18- Prothonotary.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY, S. S.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Thomas Hoover, late of Huntingdon county, GREETING:

Whereas, ANNIE HOOVER, by her father and next friend George Leas, did on the 16th November, 1865, prefer her petition to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of said county of Huntingdon, praying that for the cause therein set forth she might be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you the said Thomas Hoover,

We do therefore command you, said THOMAS HOOVER as before commanded, that setting aside all other business and excuses whatsoever, you be and appear in your own proper person before our Judges at Huntingdon, at our county court of Common Pleas, there to be held for the said county on the second Monday of August next, to answer the petition or libel of the said Annie Hoover, and *to show cause if any you have, why* the said Annie Hoover, your wife, should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth in such case made and provided, and hereof fail not.

Witness the Honorable George Taylor, Esq., President of our said court, at Huntingdon, the nineteenth day of January, 1866. W. C. WAGONER,
jy11-3t Prothonotary.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Ex. to me directed, I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, ON MONDAY, 13TH DAY of AUGUST, A. D 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:

A farm, tract, or parcel of land situate in Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, Penna., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of Daniel Logan, east by Rock Hill Furnace, south by William Lairds and on the west by Hugh L. Cook, containing one hundred acres, more or less, seventy-five of which are cleared, the balance in timber with log house and log barn thereon erected. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of George B. Eyster.

Also—All that certain lot of ground situate in McConnellstown, in the county of Huntingdon, Penna., bounded and described as follows: On the north and east by lot of Wilson B. Watson, on the south by public road and west by lot of Wilson B. Watson, containing 26¼ perches and having a house and other buildings thereon erected. Seized, aken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Henry Smith.

Also—About 50 acres of land, more or less, situated in West township, bounded and described as follows: Adjoining lands of Miles Lewis on the south, Robert Moore on the west, John Maffit on the east, with two log houses and log barn. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Asbury Ewing and Saml H. Ewing.

Also—All the right, title and interest of *defendant in and to the following* described tract, piece or parcel of land situate in West township, containing fifty acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Miles Lewis on the south, Robert Moore on the west and John Maffit on the east, having thereon erected two log dwelling houses and a log barn. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Samuel H. Ewing.

Also—All that certain lot of ground situate in McConnellstown in the county of Huntingdon, Penna., bounded and described as follows: On the north and east by lot of Wilson B. Watson, on the south by public road and west Wilson B. Watson, containing 26¼ perches and having a house and other outbuildings thereon. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Henry Smith.

Also—Five vacant lots of ground in Coalmont, Nos. 104, 105, 139, 140, 141, also 38, with plank frame house 50 feet by 24, two stories high, being on the corner of Shell and Evans street, with a stable and other outbuildings.

Also, lot No. 39 adj. lining the above named lot, fronting on Evans street, with two story frame house, stable and other outbuildings.

Also, 214 acres of land in Carbon township, known as the Diggins tract, bounded by lands of Joseph Diggins and Huntingdon & Broad Top, with a house and barn, about 50 acres cleared, the balance in timber. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Levi Evans and Mary his wife and James Anderson and Jane his wife

Also—The following described lot in the borough of Coalmont, Carbon township, to wit: Adjoining —— Wilson on the east, —— street on the west, Shell street on the north, No. —, with a frame house and frame stable, containing 50 feet front with 150 back.—Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Thomas H. Fagan.

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS.—Bidders at Sheriff's Sales will take notice that immediately upon the property being knocked down, fifty per cent. of all bids under $100, and twenty-five per cent. of all bids over that sum, must be paid to the Sheriff, or the property will be set up again and sold to other bidders who will comply with the above terms.

If court continues two weeks deed acknowledged on Wednesday of second week. One week's court, property knocked down on Monday and deed acknowledged on the following Saturday.

JAS. F. BATHURST, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Huntingdon, July 10, 1866. }

NOTICE

ALL persons indebted to or having accounts with the firm of T. & D. Norris, in the tanning business, at McConnellstown, are informed that the books are now in the hands of Luden Norris for settlement. T. & D. NORRIS.

McConnellstown, July 10,4t

HUNTINGDON,

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 1, '66.

VAN AMBURGH & CO'S

MAMMOTH MENAGERIE,

—AND—

EGYPTIAN CARAVAN.

COMBINED WITH

GARDNER, HEMMINGS & CO'S

AMERICAN CIRCUS,

The Largest Traveling Institution in America.

DANIEL GARDNER, ... MANAGER

LIST OF ANIMALS.

COL. HALL'S TRAINED ANIMALS.

African Lion, Asiatic Lioness, Brazilian Tiger, Senegal Leopard, African Lioness and Spotted Tiger.

BABY ELEPHANT, JENNY LIND, the smallest ever exhibited, S. A. TAPIR or HIPPOPOTAMUS of the New World, the only one in America, DOUBLE HUMPED BACTRIAN CAMEL, the first ever exhibited in America, very rare, AFRICAN LION, BRAZILIAN TIGER, PAIR OF YOUNG LIONS, from the Cape of Good Hope, SENEGAL LEOPARDS, PAIR OF BENGAL TIGERS, only ones in America, and the largest ever exhibited, WHITE HIMMALEH MOUNTAIN BEAR, very fine, BROWN Bear, Isabella Bear, Sacred Cattle from India, Spotted Axis Deer, from the Banks of the River Ganges, the first ever exhibited in America, African Hyena, African Pelicans, African Porcupines, Grey and Red Foxes, Ant Eaters, American Fallow Deer, Egyptian Ichneumon, Crested Cockatoos, Golden Pheasants, South American Powee, Silver Pheasants, Spanish Macaws, African Parrots, Monkeys, Apes, Baboons, &c., Rocky Mountain Badger, Guinea Pigs, PURE WHITE PEACOCKS, the most beautiful Birds ever exhibited, and the only ones ever seen in any country, Prairie Wolves, Australian Cockatills, Rosa Cockatoo, Lori Parroquette, Australian Rosellas, Java Hares, King and Queen Parrots, Red and Yellow Crested Cockatoos, and a Host of Minor Animals.

COLONEL HALL,

Will introduce the Performing Elephant, JENNY LIND at each Entertainment, and will also enter the

Den of Performing Animals,

And give a

Daring and Graceful Exhibition

Of the power of Man over the

WILD DENIZENS OF THE FOREST.

The Large and Popular Equestrian Organization of

GARDNER, HEMMINGS & CO.

Is not the least part of this Colossal Combination.

Observe the Names of the Performers.

MISS ELIZA GARDNER,
The Best Female Rider in the World.
MADAME CAMILLA,
The Parisian Equestrienne.
Mlle. THEPTHORP.
Mlle. BANEIR,
RICHARD HEMMINGS,
The Nonpariel Equestrian, and only rival of the
GREAT BLONDIN.
FRANK CARPENTER,
The Wizard Horseman.
DAN GARDNER,
The People's Clown
CHARLES MONROE.
The Great Grimaldi.
GEORGE BROWNE,
Champion Tumbler of America.
CHARLES KING,
The

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Aug. 1, 1866.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Delegate Elections.

The voters of the Union Party are requested to meet at the usual places, on Saturday, the 11th day of August next, at six o'clock in the evening, in the townships, and 7½ o'clock in the boroughs, for the purpose of electing delegates to a county convention to be held at the Court House in Huntingdon, *on Tuesday, the 14th day of August*, at two o'clock, P. M., to nominate a ticket and transact such other business as the interests of the party may require.

A. H. BAUMAN,
July 9, 1866. *Chairman Co. Com.*

Brief Items.

—The soldiers' letter, with an increased number of names attached, is again crowded out.

—The brass and string bands were both out on Saturday night last serenading our citizens. Music was trump.

—For sale cheap, a good second-handed Piano, not very long in use.—Inquire at B. M. Greene's Music store, Huntingdon, Pa.

—This promises to be a lively week in town. Wednesday the circus will be here, and the balance of the week to be filled up with match games of base ball.

—George Sigler, Esq., an old and respected citizen of Decatur township, Mifflin county, whilst sitting in a chair suddenly fell, and was dead in a few minutes.

—A family of Mr. G. Lehr, of Mt. Rock mills, Mifflin county, consisting of himself and wife, several children and a Mr. Emory, were poisoned by eating rice soup, which contained some foreign substance in it. All are well again.

—The eighth lodge of Good Templars in this county was instituted at Petersburg last Monday evening.—Twenty six persons were initiated.—Mr. Jos. M. Stevens was elected W. C. T. The name is Mount Hope Lodge, and it meets every Tuesday evening.

—A young man named Henry Potts whose parents reside near Mt. Union, was run over by one of the eastward freight trains, Thursday morning, near Newton Hamilton, and had his left foot cut off. Amputation was performed and the boy is now doing well.

Mr. Thos. Burchinell, Architect and Builder, has located in this place, and in addition to superintending the erection and carrying on his planing and sash mill, he will also accommodate those who may desire his services, prepare plans and specifications for iron roofs, railway depots, machine shops, engine houses, rolling mills and dwellings of every descriptions. Mr. B. is one of the best architects and builders in the country.

—How are you, free passes! What we intimated a few weeks ago has come to pass. In conforming to the resolutions of the railway conventions held in New York in May and June last, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company *decline to issue free passes* that can in any way be deemed a violation of those resolutions, and have decided to give no local passes except for purely charitable purposes, "unless the interests of the company demand their issue."

—The Clymer soldiers who were to meet in the Court House on Friday last adjourned from there to the Exchange Hotel, where they organized and appointed delegates to the Clymer Soldier Convention to be held in Harrisburg on the 1st of August. There were nineteen soldiers in attendance. We understand that by resolution we were requested to publish the proceedings. If handed in in time they shall find a place in the *Globe* as local news.

—The base ball clubs at Johnstown are the recipients of many favors from the public, and especially from the ladies. Recently the ladies presented the "Kicks" and "Iron" each with a beautifully and elaborately wrought flag—the former of blue silk with orange colored silk trimmings and the letter "K" worked in the centre, and the latter of crimson silk, with white silk trimmings and the word "Iron" of the same material in the centre.—Wonder if the Socials couldn't appreciate such manifestations of pride from such a delightful source.

VEGETABLE & FRUIT MARKET

At LEWIS & CO'S Family Grocery,

Every Wednesday & Saturday mornings

All kinds of Vegetables and Fruit, Eggs, Butter, &c. bought and taken on commission.

HUNTINGDON, Aug. 1, 1866.

The following were the selling prices on Saturday morning last:

Cabbages, ₰ head	10@15	Peaches, canned	50
Beets, ₰ bunch	10	Pineapple, "	50
Cucumbers, ₰ doz	25	Strawberries"	50
Squashes	3@10	Lima Beans "	50
New Potatoes, ₰ peck	45	Corn, "	50
Onions, ₰ rope	20	Peas, "	50
Beans, ₰ peck	40	Tomatoes, "	40
Peas, "	40	Dried Beans, ₰ quart,	10@12
Dried peaches, ₰ lb	25@50	Dried Peas, "	20
Dried Apples, "	25	Canned oysters, fresh	50
Dried Currants "	50	" " spiced	50
Raisins, ₰ lb	30	In jars. oysters, "	1 00
Green Corn, ₰ dozen	30		

A full assortment of table sauces always on hand.

Our National Game.

On Wednesday evening last the first nine of the Social club went to Bedford to be in time to play the Juniata club of that place on the following day.—On Thursday morning, at the time chosen to commence the game, the Juniata boys showed an unwillingness to proceed unless the umpire matter should be settled. The Social had taken up Judge B. F. Rose, whose reputation as an umpire is proverbial in this section, to whom the Juniata captain objected. It would have been an indignity to Judge Rose to have chosen any other, and as the Social was the challenged club, and had given the Juniata the choice of grounds, the captain of the Social felt justified in refusing to yield. The citizens generally thought their club was acting strangely, and many lost their sympathy for them and censured them severely. So the game with the Juniata was not played that morning.

A social game was forthwith played with the Resolute of the same place. The Social came off second best, the Resolute beating them 25. Score was 19 to 44. The Resolutes were really boys, the oldest not more than 19 yrs. of age. In the first inning they gave the Socials a "round head," while they made a staggering run of 25. After this inning the Social felt who they had to deal with, and played with a little better spirit. The playing of the Resolute excited the admiration of all the spectators, and many congratulations were bestowed upon them by the Socials. They were whole-souled gentlemen, who we believe would have been just as cheerful if they had been beaten. The Socials will ever *remember their cleverness.*

As soon as the game with the Resolute was ended, the Juniata mustered up courage to play the Social, thinking no doubt their chances for success were certain. The game commenced at 2 o'clock, but it was not long before the Juniata saw that they had bitten at the wrong bait. The Social were determined not to suffer another defeat, while the Juniata played to retrieve lost honors. The following is the score of the game which *did* come off, but not with Judge Rose as umpire, who went home after the game with the Resolutes, in which he was tendered the position, and gave his usual satisfactory decisions:

SOCIAL.	O.	R.	JUNIATA.	O.	R.
H. G. Fisher, c	3	7	Reamer, c	6	2
T. C. Fisher, p	2	8	Bolinger, 1 f	3	6
Smith, s. s	2	8	King, s. s	3	5
Kooker, 1 b	2	7	Alley, 1 b	3	5
Kline, 2 b	2	6	Grove, 2 b	4	3
Gray, 3 b	3	4	McMullen, 3 b	3	5
Simpson, l. f	4	4	Lewis, r. f	2	5
Benedict, c. f	5	5	Wills, c. f	3	4
Massey, r. f	4	5	Lyon, p	2	4
	27	54		27	36

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Social	6	2	0	6	3	12	2	20	3	54
Juniata	0	1	2	4	10	3	0	7	9	36

Umpire—Frank Schell, Resolute; Scorers—Wm. A. Nicodemus, Juniata; K. A. Lovell, Social.
Time of game, three hours, thirty minutes.

Fly catches made, Juniata 11	; Social 6		
Out on fouls,	" 7	"	7
Struck out,	" 1	"	2
Out on bases,	" 13	"	7

—The Resolute of Bedford have challenged the Logan of Altoona, to play on the Social grounds on Thursday afternoon. Both clubs are composed of boys. The game will be an *interesting one, and our citizens* can have an opportunity to see the boys that beat the Social, if the conditions of the challenge are accepted, which we hope will be.

—On Saturday next the game between the Juniata of Hollidaysburg and the Social, will be played on the grounds of the latter. The Social is the challenged club.

—The Hartslog of Alexandria will play the Star of Altoona, on the field of the latter, to-day, Tuesday.

—On Monday last the Enterprise of Pittsburg played the Kickeneapawling of Johnstown and beat them. Score 48 to 7. The same club played the Juniata of Hollidaysburg and the Mountain of Altoona on Tuesday.—The Juniata beat on the sixth inning, score being 31 to 26, and the Enterprise beat the Mountain, the score being 55 to 26.

Mozart Association.

A society under the above title has been organized in this place, for the purpose of imparting a thorough, practical and scientific knowledge of vocal and instrumental music amongst its members. The association bids fair to be a successful institution. Any individual, male or female, having a taste for music, or having any knowledge of the art, will be received as member of the association. Mr. Chas. Campbell is President and Mr. B. M. Greene, Musical Director. Such an association is what has been needed, and now that it has been organized we trust it will meet with the necessary encouragement. It meets every Saturday evening at 8½ o'clock, when applications for membership will be received. Success to the Mozart!

Magic and Mystery.

No person should fail to call at the Garden of Col. E. C. Summers, during Court week, and witness the performances of T. J. Lewis, the greatest Magician in the world. He will perform every evening during the week, the great eastern mystery, which has astonished thousands and held monarchs in awe, known as the Sphynx, without the flesh and blood of man, yet talking, singing, smoking, and acting as a man; whilst the spectators gaze in amazement, unable to fathom the deep mystery, and ask of each other, What is it? He will in addition to the above perform many mysterious things belonging to his profession, which will be enumerated on the bills. 2t

Look for the man who don't take the paper. He will be at the show.

Meetings not on the Programme.

While we are willing to publish the proceedings of all meetings in which our readers take any interest, we are not willing to publish the resolutions of one man never offered at or adopted by a meeting. The soldiers friendly to the election of Clymer, were to meet in the Court House on Friday last, for the purpose of electing delegates to a State Convention. Instead of meeting in the Court House, the Clymer soldiers met at the Exchange Hotel, where, we suppose, they disposed of questions brought before them. While Clymer's friends were holding forth at the Exchange, the Court House bell was rung by friends of Geary, and on motion of Mr. Lytle, President of the Geary Club, a meeting of the friends of Geary was organized; and on motion of Mr. Lytle a committee on resolutions was appointed. Mr. Lytle was appointed Chairman of the Committee. The Committee went out of one door and immediately returned at another, when Mr. Lytle read from a blank sheet of paper what he supposed would be the sentiments of the mixed crowd (in all twenty-five) present. On our motion, the report made by Mr. Lytle, was ordered to be published; but the resolutions handed us for publication, are about as much like Mr. Lytle's report as a horse is like an elephant, so we decline to publish them. No such resolutions as were offered to us for publication, (though right in sentiment,) were read at or adopted by the meeting.

As soon as Geary's friends left the Court House, a few of Clymer's friends entered, organized another meeting, passed resolutions the opposite of the action of the previous meeting, and adjourned.

If there were any other meetings held during the afternoon, we have *not heard of them.*

Clymer Soldiers in Council.

According to the previous announcement the soldiers of Huntingdon who are opposed to the principles enunciated by the Pittsburgh Soldiers' Convention and in favor of the restoration policy of President Johnson and the election of Hon. Heister Clymer, assembled at the Exchange Hotel, in this borough, on the 27th ult., and organized by the selection of Lieut. L. G. Stewart, President, and Sergt. S. W. Gehrett, Secretary.

The following preamble and resolutions were then unanimously adopted.

Whereas, The Convention held at Pittsburgh on the fifth day of June last claiming to represent the soldiers of the State of Pennsylvania declared, in a series of Resolutions, sentiments which we deny to be those of the majority of the soldiers of this State, therefore, by the honorably discharged soldiers of Huntingdon county, it is

Resolved, That we repudiate with contempt the sentiments expressed by *that convention which commit us to* universal suffrage, negro equality and the endorsement of the present disunion Congress, and Gen. Geary.

Resolved, That when in the field we fought this glorious Union might not be dismembered by the rebels of the South, and now at home we shall take care that it be not destroyed by the traitors who control Congress.

Resolved, That we most emphatically and cheerfully endorse the restoration policy of Andrew Johnson, as the only wise and true policy by which the country may gather the fruits of our victories in the field.

Resolved, That we are now and always will be opposed to negro suffrage, that we will act with no party or vote for no candidate who does not equivocally avow himself opposed to negro suffrage and negro equality.

Resolved, That if Congress had labored half so zealously for the interests of the soldier as it has done for the negro, the bounties of soldiers would long since have been equalized.

Resolved, That we believe that Hon. Heister Clymer, the Democratic nominee for Governor, is an avowed opponent of negro suffrage and an earnest supporter of the policy of President Johnson; that to his hands we can trust the destiny of our good old Commonwealth and that we shall give to him and to the principles which he represents, our earnest and cheerful support.

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the Democratic County Ticket, and congratulate the people of the county that candidates for the various offices are presented for their support who for purity of character and uprightness of purpose are in every way qualified to fill the respective offices for which they are presented.

The following gentlemen were selected Delegates to the Soldiers' State Convention to be held at Harrisburg on the 1st of August:

L. G. Stewart, Lieut. 110th P. V. V., D. A. Thompson, Sergt. 1st Pa. Art'y., W. N. Kirby, 49th P. V. V., A. Greenland, Q. M. Sergt. 49th P. V. V., R. B. Petrikin, Major, 5th P. V. V., T. McFarland, Sergt. 49th P. V. V., J. Cresswell, Sergt. Co. E, 20th P. V. C.

After transacting other unimportant business, it was

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Huntingdon *Monitor* and *Globe*.

The meeting then adjourned.

L. G. STEWART, President,
S. W. GEHRETT, Secretary.

A School For Soldiers' Orphans.

The school under the care of Prof. Guss, at Cassville, satisfied us and every body else while here, that a better institution never existed. The impression made upon our citizens by the children will never be forgotten. Gov. Curtin may well feel proud of his institutions and his children, and they look up to him as their best friend on earth.

☞ For Furniture, go to J. Higgins. See his card in the new advts.

A Good Supper.

Capt. Snell, of the Jackson House, extended an invitation to the first nine of the Social Base Ball Club, and a few others, to partake of a supper at his House on Saturday evening. The members of the Social were on the grounds as usual, at the appointed time, ready to begin the game of knife and fork instead of bat and ball. We need hardly say it was a good supper, as it might be supposed it would be; and the members of the club after making the "home base" on the desserts, and scoring a great many "fly catches" of the viands agreed that it was a splendid ovation. The members of the Social will remember Mr. Snell for his kindness, the manifest appreciation he has of our National Game, and the interest he shows in the "first nine's" bodily welfare as well as in their success. Mr. Snell gives every assurance to his guests that he knows how to keep hotel.

Gov. Curtin's Children.

According to announcement the Soldiers' Orphans from the Cassville school, arrived in town on Wednesday afternoon last. They rode through the town in wagons, and their appearance attracted considerable attention, added to the martial music discoursed by a band of boys of the school. In the evening they gave a concert in the Court room, and it was crowded to suffocation. Everybody was pleased with the entertainment. During their stay they were well entertained by our good people, and the children appeared delighted with their trip. The large majority returned to their homes on Thursday. The school has a vacation of five weeks. We hope the orphans will pay our town frequent visits.

A Full Company for Curtin.

Capt. Snyder's military company, on duty at Cassville, visited this place last week, and repeatedly gave a unanimous vote in cheers for Governor Curtin.

MARRIED,

On the 19th inst., at the residence of Joseph Showalter, Huntingdon, by the Rev. James C. Clarke, Mr. EDWARD SHOWALTER, to Miss SARAH A. PROUGH, both of Huntingdon.

On the same day, same place, by the same, Mr. MARSHALL DECKER, to Miss MARY C. FESTER, both of Henderson twp.

DIED,

REBECCA E, wife of John X. Lutz, in Roxberry, Huntingdon county, Pa., July 17th, 1866, aged 32 years, 6 months.

She had been an exemplary member of the Baptist Church, for eleven years. Funeral Sermon by Rev. J. W. Plannett.

July 14th, ANDREW S. WILSON, son of Robert and Jane Wilson of West township, aged 16 years, 5 months and 18 days.

Very early in life he manifested a love for the Sabbath School, in which he was not only an attentive but a *serious* listener to every lesson of religion. In childhood he evinced a maturity of *moral excellence becoming christians* of ripen years. His mildness of disposition and religious mould of mind seemed to grow with his growth and strengthen with his strength until uniting himself with the Presbyterian Church, he became as exemplary in the Church as *eminent* in the Sabbath School.

His superior example will live long in the memory of his companions. His parents mourn bitterly the loss of one so ennobled by moral virtues—so endeared by *Christian* affection and so full of promise for the *future*. But now their hopes look up to the high and holy future of immortality. His life was short but useful. He died young but well.

O. M. S.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

August 1.

Family Flour	$11,00
Extra Flour	$8,50
Superfine Flour	$7,50
Rye Flour	$9,25
Corn Meal	$4,25
Extra White Wheat	$2,70@2,80
Fair and Prime Red	$2,60@2,65
Rye	$1,00
Corn, prime Yellow	,93
Oats	,52
Barley	,78
Cloverseed, ₰64 lbs	$5,75
Timothy	$3,25
Flaxseed	$3,00
Wool	60@70
Hides	,13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. E. HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour ₰ bl	$11,00
Extra Flour	$12,00
Family Flour	$13,00
Corn Meal ₰ cwt	$1,70
Buckwheat Meal ₰ cwt	$6,00
Red Wheat	$2,35
White Wheat	$2,40
Corn	,80
Oats	,60
Barley	,70
Rye	,65
Cloverseed ₰ 64 lbs	$4,00 @ 5,00
Timothy	$2,75 to 3,00
Flaxseed	$1,75 to 2,05
Rye Chop ₰ cwt	$1,80
Bran ₰ cwt	$1,15
Shorts ₰ cwt	$1,40
Mixed Chop	$1,75
Plaster per ton	$10,00
Beeswax ₰ lb	,30
Hops ₰ lb	,40 to 60
Rags ₰ lb	,4
Beans ₰ bus	$2,00
Feathers ₰ lb	,55 to 65
Tallow	,10 to 12
Dried Apples ₰ lb	,15 to 20
Dried Peaches ₰ lb	,18 to 25
Ham	,25 to 30
Sides	,22
Shoulder	,20
Dried Beef	,30
Lard	,20
Butter	,25
Eggs	,20
Country Soap	,10
Hay ₰ ton	$13,00
Rye Straw ₰ bundle	,8
Potatoes ₰ bus	$1,00
Apple Butter ₰ gallon	$1,25
Wool ₰ lb	,40 to 45
Large Onions ₰ bus	$1,40
Corn Brooms ₰ doz	$3,00 to 1,50
Chickens	,20 to 25
Turkeys	,75 to 1,50
Dried Cherries ₰ quart	,10

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS & CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 519 PINE Street, PHILADA. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. mh21 1866-1y

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Among the many names spoken of in connection with the nomination for the office of Associate Judge at the approaching Union Convention is that of HENRY BREWSTER, Esq., of Shirleysburg. It is believed that Mr. Brewster if elected, would fill that position with credit, both to himself and the community he would represent. It is believed further then that Mr. Brewster has claims upon the suffrages of the people of Huntingdon County dating back to the time of its dismemberment some twenty years ago, claims which have never been liquidated or cancelled. Furthermore Mr. Brewster, though he has never personally stood in the ranks as a soldier, yet he has furnished three sons for the Union army. One for four years, one for three years, and another for one year; each of whom received an honorable discharge at the expiration of his term of service. Moreover Mr. Brewster has always been the soldiers friend and supporter, and has uniformly sustained that cause which has given the soldiers glory and renown. TRUTH.
Aug. 1, 1866-tc.

MR. LEWIS:—Among the many names I have seen in print and heard mentioned in connection with the nomination for Associate Judge, I have not yet seen that of a soldier. Permit me, then, to suggest GEORGE W. CORNELIUS, of Shirleysburg. Mr. C. is well qualified for the position, is a firm Union man, and served his Country in the late War. CROMWELL.
July 25, '66-tc.*

WM. LEWIS, ESQ:—It will be admitted that the lower end of the county is entitled to the nomination for Associate Judge. In view of this fact I would recommend the name of SAMUEL MYERS, Esq., of Clay township, to the attention of the voters, as a gentleman who is worthy and well qualified to perform the duties of the position,—Subject to the Union nominating County Convention.
July 8, 1866.* UNION.

MR. LEWIS:

I see in the *Huntingdon Journal and American*, the name of DAVID SNARE, Esq., made use of for the office of Associate Judge. I am pleased to see it—no better man in the county could be named, nor any more worthy. His long experience as a Justice of the Peace, his honesty and independence, fully qualifies him for that office. I have consulted with a number of persons on the subject, and find that he will secure a general support, if nominated by the Union Convention of this county. A SUBSCRIBER.
June 23, 1866.-tc.*

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

We are requested by a number of citizens of the lower end to announce JOHN C. SMUCKER as a candidate for Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Union County Convention. Mr. Smucker is a graduate of the Philadelphia College, and is a very worthy young man, fully qualified for the position. He was disabled while fighting the battles of his country.
jy25* BUADY.

PROTHONOTARY.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—A Prothonotary is to be elected in October next, and we are happy to hear that Mr. J. RANDOLPH SIMPSON, of Huntingdon, is a candidate for nomination, subject to the will of the Union County Convention, *and that his prospects for a unanimous nomination* are almost certain. There could not be a better choice in the county, as he is an industrious young man, fully acquainted with the business of the office, and better than all, is a public officer, takes pleasure in accommodating and attending promptly to the business of those who have occasion to visit him. His claims are equal if not superior to any others, from the fact that he perfectly understands the very complicated business of the Prothonotary's office; is well versed in the laws of the land; and in the *dark hours of our country's peril gave his all in defense* of our sacred institutions, and to preserve unstained the honor of our flag. The Union voters of Huntingdon county will ratify with pleasure his nomination.
July 18, 1866 JACKSON TWP.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 21st day of April, A. D. 1866, under the hands and seal of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general Jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Hugh E. Dalton and Anthony J. Beaver, his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, Justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictments made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 13th day) of August next, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 10th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and the 90th year of American Independence.
JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff.*

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE, 12 WALL STREET.
Cash Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $270,000.
Total Assets, $1,270,000

This Company insures against all loss or damage by fire, inland navigation, transportation, &c. The cost of insuring in this company is no more than the first cost would be in these small Mutual Companies.

With no Assessments!

This Company is made safe by the State laws of New York, which is not the case with the Pennsylvania Insurance Companies.

J. D. STEELE, President. P. NOTHAM, Secretary,
HENRY KIP, Supt. of Agencies.
ANDREW JOHNSTON, Agent,
myl-6m Huntingdon, Penna.
Office formerly occupied by W. H. Woods, Esq., Hill st

TO THE LADIES.

The best assortment of

ELLIPTIC SKIRTS,

Just received this day from New York and for sale at the *cheap cash store of* WM. MARCH & BRO.

A splendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

FANCY TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS

Just received this day from New York and for sale cheap at [may7] WM. MARCH & BRO.

ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY

OF

Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED

At Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

Also,

EARLY VEGETABLES

Received fresh from the Philadelphia market every Wednesday and Saturday morning.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

JUNIATA

STEAM PEARL MILL,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

IS NOW

IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,

Bought at this mill.

McCAHAN & SON.

Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

1000 BUSHELS WHEAT

Wanted at Steam Pearl Mill.

my2 McCAHAN & SON.

DRESS BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS, of the latest styles, Belt Ribbon and Buckles, Hosiery, Gloves, Edgings, Frillings, &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED! CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

1866. 1866.

NEW METROPOLITAN

—oOo—

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Has removed to the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Where he offers at Wholesale and Retail an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

TEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Having just returned from New York and Philadelphia with a splendid stock, bought since the recent decline in gold, I am now offering great inducements to buyers.

Among my stock may be found

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS.

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR

Carpenters,
Blacksmiths,
Gunsmiths,
Shoemakers,
Saddlers,
Painters,
Coachmakers,
Cabinet Makers,
Machinists,
Foundrymen,

And for all other kinds of Mechanics.

FARMERS

Will find in my stock a great variety of Farming Implements of the best quality, such as

Scythes,
Rakes,
Forks,
Shovels,
Spades,
Hoes,
Garden Trowels,
Garden Hoes,
Garden Rakes,
Grass Hooks,
Pruning Shears, Pruning Saws, Pruning Knives, &c., &c

Every farmer should see the famous

HARPOON HAY FORK!

It is the wonder of the age; and one trial convinces the most skeptical that it is the best Hay Fork made.—I have the agency for the sale of these forks for Huntingdon and parts of Bedford and Fulton counties and can fill orders for Forks, pullies and ropes at manufacturers prices.

EXCELSIOR HORSE FORK
THE BEST IN USE.
Pat'd by N. Palmer, Sep. 30, 1862 and March 3, 1863.
For Forks, address Wheeler, Melick & Co., Manufacturers, Albany, N. Y.
For Town, County or State Rights, address Palmer Bro's & Co., Cromwell, Ct. Green Co. N. Y.

I have also the celebrated

PALMER HORSE FORKS

Which have given such good satisfaction for the last 3 years, and which I am now selling at greatly reduced prices.

FOR BUILDERS

I have an endless assortment of

LOCKS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
BRADS,
PAINTS,
GLASS,
PUTTY,

VARNISHES, &C.

DUNCANNON NAIL AGENCY.

Our best mechanics say that the

DUNCANNON NAILS

are the best brought to this market. I have the agency for the sale of these nails and spikes, and

DEALERS, BUILDERS, and others,

can be supplied promptly in quantities from *one pound to one hundred kegs*, at manufacturers' prices.

HARRISBURG STONEWARE,

EARTHENWARE AND HOLLOWWARE,

all sold low for cash.

Cheap

WOODEN PUMPS!

The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing everywhere. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that every man can put in his own pump, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.

Thankful for the patronage I have hitherto received I shall continue my endeavors to suit, accommodate and please all, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of public patronage.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Huntingdon, May 16, 1866.

1866. 1866.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon april 19, '66.

NEW CLOTHING

AT LOW PRICES.

M. CUTMAN

HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which he offers to all who want to be

CLOTHED,

AT PRICE TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for

MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.

Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery. MANUAL GUTMAN.

Huntingdon ap. 10, '66.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN,

ap. 10 '66.,

CHEAP GROCERY STORE,

Z. YENTER,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accommodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—

HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind,

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove.

Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, ap. 10, 1866

NEW FAMILY GROCERY STORE.

WM. LONG would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity to the fact that he has just opened a FAMILY GROCERY STORE at the old stand of Christopher Long, where he will keep constantly on hand a full and well assorted stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Lovering's Syrup, N. Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, Dried Beef, Flour, Fish, Cheese, Rice, Pickles, and Provisions of all kinds.

CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,

comprising, in part, Baskets, Buckets, Tubs, Washboards, Corn Brooms, Brushes, Rugs, Mats, Floor Oil Cloths, Bags, Trunks, &c. &c.

CANDIES and NUTS of all kinds, wholesale and retail. TOYS, TOBACCO, SEGARS, Coal Oil, Coal Oil Lamps, &c. He respectfully invites a call and examination of his stock, satisfied that his goods and prices will compare favorably with those of any other in the place.

Huntingdon, March 7, 1866. WM. LONG.

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.

A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, april 12, 1866.

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

☞ Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a

NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE,

and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country. J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

BROKE OUT IN A NEW PLACE.

WEN STORE, NEW GOODS, NEW FIRM.

BOYER & GARNER

Would respectfully inform the public that they have just opened a

NEW STORE AT GRANTSVILLE, (Marklesburg station)

Consisting of Groceries of all kinds, Dry Goods, such as prints, muslins, de laines, &c.; Hardware, Queensware, and a large lot of Shoes at reduced prices; Hats, Caps, Tinware, salt, fish, wooden and willow ware, drugs and stationery, which they are prepared to sell at very low prices to those who will favor us with a call.

BOYER & GARNER.
Grantsville, May 16, 1866.

PURE LIBERTY WHITE LEAD,

Preferred by all practical Painters! Try it! and you will have no other. Manufactured only by

ZIEGLER & SMITH,

Wholesale Drug, Paint & Glass Dealers,

No. 137 Nth. Third st., Philada.

jan21-1y

LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers have some lots in the town of Grantsville, or Marklesburg station, which they will sell at low price, from $30 to $100. All who desire a good healthy location to build would do well to call upon them soon at their store, and secure for themselves lots at low prices.

Grantsville, my16. BOYER & GARNER.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

RAILROAD STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS, JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware. Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SLEDGES, HAMMERS,

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties,

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,
Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar and hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, February 27, 1866.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

☞ Diarrhœa, Bloody Flux in one day,
☞ Headache and Earache in three minutes.
☞ Toothache in one minute.
☞ Neuralgia in five minutes,
☞ Sprains in twenty minutes,
☞ Sore Throat in ten minutes,
☞ Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
☞ Rheumatism in one day,
☞ Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
☞ Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
☞ Fever and Ague in one day.
☞ Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
☞ Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
☞ Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
☞ Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more perfect equilibrium of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all these complaints whenever there is an opportunity to do so. As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficiency. If you have an achoor pain, it is warranted to do all it purports on the label.

I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore, applicable, to the cure or natural restorative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve vital fluids.

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other swellings in incredible short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—composed of roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know what they were.

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.

J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

DANDELION PILLS,

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiness of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, Blotches or Eruptions of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c., &c. *Sold at 25 cents per box.*

McENTYRE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE

WORM DESTROYER!

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and perfectly harmless.

☞ Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa,

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT.

$1000 REWARD will be paid for any medicine that excels this for the following diseases:

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Spinal Affections, Contracted Joints, Cholic Pains, Pains in Side or Back, Toothache, Headache, Sprains, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, and all Diseases of the Muscles, Skin and Glands.

This is an Internal and External Medicine, composed of Roots, Herbs and Barks such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on the earth to cure all complaints, if we only know what they were. This has been a subject for constant study with the Medical Faculty for a great many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what portions to use.

This wonderful remedy needs no recommendation save the results which invariably follow its application.

☞ This popular remedy is fast coming into use from the fact that it gives good satisfaction.

☞ PHYSICIANS are invited to test its efficacy in all cases of Rheumatism, Affections of the Spinal Column, and all Diseases of the Skin, Muscles and Glands. It has been used in thousands of instances under the personal supervision of the Inventors, and has never disappointed their expectations. All we ask for it is a trial—experimental proof—not the testimony of the men of straw, are the vouchers we desire to present to the public.

It would be well for many now lying in beds of torture, if these facts could reach their sick chambers. It is more important to them than to the inventors that this should be the case. "Truth is mighty and must prevail."

☞ Keep it in your family, for sickness comes when you least expect it.

PRICE--ONE DOLLAR.

SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
SOLE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Huntingdon, Pa., July 19, 1865.

DR. VENARD'S

STAR MAGIC LINIMENT

CURES

RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
TOOTHACHE,
HEADACHE,
DIPTHERIA, or SORE THROAT,
CRAMPS, or
PAINS IN THE STOMACH,
SPRAINS,
and DIARRHŒA

SOLE AGENT,
SAMUEL H. SHOEMAKER,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

Price One Dollar.
Price Fifty Cents.

☞ **Agents Wanted to sell the above throughout the Country.**

Huntingdon, Oct. 25, 1865.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Ist Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets,
For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1866.

SPECTACLES.

A fine and large assortment always on hand

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

THE GREAT MEDICINE!

M'Entyre's INDIAN COMPOUND.

A NEW SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

PRICE PER BOTTLE, 50 CTS., and $1,00

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelopes, suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at

LEWIS' NEW BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

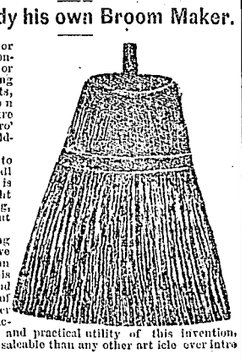
VERMICELLI, Barley, Rice, Hominy, Beans, &c., at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

BROUGHER'S PATENT EXCELSIOR

BROOM HEAD OR WRAPPER.

PATENTED DECEMBER 26, 1865.

Everybody his own Broom Maker.



This head or Wrapper is constructed of Tin or Zinc, with sliding band and bolts, in connection with the centre bolt passing thro' the handle, holding it secure.

The article to which we call your attention is very simple, light and strong, weighing but SEVEN OUNCES.

The farming community have long needed an article of this character; and the high price of Brooms, together with the simplicity, durability, and practical utility of this invention, makes it more saleable than any other article ever introduced.

☞ We offer borough, township, and family rights for sale on reasonable terms, in the county of Huntingdon.

For further particulars, call and see the subscribers, or address

THOS. G. STRICKLER & SON,
feb7,1866 Huntingdon, Pa.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

LUMBER.

THE undersigned has just received and is now ready to supply the public with

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,

COMPRISING ALL THE DIFFERENT GRADES,

From cullings up to the clear stuff,

From 9 months to 2 years dry!

Also,

PLASTERING LATH,

JOINT AND LAP SHINGLES,

BUILDING STUFF AND PLANK.

WORKED FLOORING, WEATHER-BOARDING,

DOORS, WINDOW-FRAMES, SASHES, &c

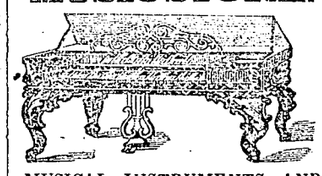
at reasonable prices.

Now is the time to buy, before the Spring rush, as Lumber is already advancing, and dry lumber is a scarce article.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON.

Huntingdon, Feb. 27, 1866

MUSIC STORE.



MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has just opened his Music Store, one d. or west of W Lewis' Book Store, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings,

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
se27 Second floor of Brown's Hardware building.

The Old Foundry

STILL IN BLAST.

THE subscribers, thankful for the liberal share of patronage they have heretofore received by strict attention to business, hope to merit and still receive the same. Take this method to inform their friends and everybody else, that they are prepared to make all kinds of IRON and BRASS CASTINGS made in a first class Foundry.

We have always on hand all kinds of Plough and Stove Castings, also wash Kettles, cellar-window Grates, coal hole castings for pavements, window weights of all sizes and weights, pipe joints, sled and sleigh soles, wagon boxes, machine castings for steam and water, grist, saw, sumac and plaster mills of all descriptions.

We are prepared to furnish Heaters and Iron Fences of the most improved style, oven doors and frames, door sills and in fact everything made in this line.

We have a very large stock of patterns and can furnish castings at short notice, and cheaper than they can be had in the county. Having a good drill we are prepared to do drilling and fitting up of all kinds.

☞ Highest market price paid for old metal, brass, zinc, lead, &c.

J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON.

Office on Railroad street, one door west of the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. dec27,65

NEW FIRM.

MARBLE YARD

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, as at low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church feb14,1866ly

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin s'ts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1865.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebelacts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

IF YOU WANT

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,

CALL AT

DONNELL & KLINE'S

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.

CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.

Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65-tf.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR. A. B. LIGHT,

Graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, having located at Warriorsmark, offers his professional services to the people of the town and vicinity. He will receive night calls at Chamberlin's Hotel.

May 10, 1866-3m.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH,

Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.

Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden, on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 23, '65.

WARM SPRINGS, a fashionable summer resort, five miles north of Huntingdon. Extensive accommodations. W. J. Geissinger, Proprietor

BOYER & GARNER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., Marklesburg station.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

ANDREW JOHNSTON, agent for the Niagara Insurance Company, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

WM. LEWIS & CO, Family Groceries, Provision and Feed Store, Hunt., Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO.
Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

WM. LONG, Dealer in Candies, Nuts, Family Groceries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON,
Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

CHAS. H. ANDERSON, Dealer in all kinds of Lumber, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon.

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

ZYENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

DONNELL & KLINE,
PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

THOMAS G. STRICKLER & SON,
Manufacturers of Brougher's patent Broom Head or Wrapper, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturers.

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

S. SHOEMAKER, Agent for the Magic Star Liniment, Huntingdon, Pa.

BILL POSTER.

The undersigned offers his services to business men and others desiring circulars distributed or handbills posted. He can be seen at the GLOBE office.

Huntingdon, Aug. 16, 1865. JOHN KOPLIN.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,

Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.

Office removed to opposite the Franklin House in the old bank building, Hill street, Huntingdon.
April 10, 1866.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. J. J. & J. D. FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

MORRISON HOUSE,

Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.

☞ I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.

May 10, 1866-tf.

K. ALLEN LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE—In the brick row, opposite the Court House.
may3.1866

J. W MATTERN. WILLIAM A. SIPE.

MATTERN & SIPE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
AND
LICENSED CLAIM AGENTS,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office on Hill street.

Soldiers Claims against the Government for Back Pay Bounty, Widows' and Invalids' Pensions attended to with great care and promptness. my29-1y

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.

May 17, 1865-tf.

A. W. BENEDICT. J. SEWELL STEWART. P. M. LYTLE.

THE firm of Benedict & Stewart has been changed to

BENEDICT, STEWART & LYTLE,

under which name they will hereafter practice as

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.

They will also give careful attention to the collection of military and other Claims against the State or Government.

Office formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House. feb6,1866

Music

THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawm—The Jubilee—Hunten's and Bertini's enlarged and improved instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Bass Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLINS, Ticking, Linseys, Checks, bleached and brown cotton Flannels, miner's Plaid, Wool Flannels, &c., &c., at S. E. HENRY & CO'S.

THE BEST EASTERN CHEESE mh7'65 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CARPETING OF ALL KINDS at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars mh7 at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

GOLD

RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT,

For which Certificates will be issued,

Bearing Interest In GOLD.

E. W. CLARK & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 35, SOUTH 3D STREET,
Je.27,1m. Philadelphia.

DISABLED MEN---ATTENTION.

WANTED—One or two men, for Huntingdon and vicinity, who have lost either an arm or a leg, to sell *Wadsworth's water proof Arnica healing Plaster*, the *best* and *cheapest* Court Plaster in the market. From $5 to $10 per day can be made. Address, with 25 cents for sample and full information, A. F. DELCHER, Box 45, Philadelphia. N. B.—All agents and peddlers would find it to their interest to answer the above. ap.15-3m

$1,500 PER YEAR.—We want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements* and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine; or Chicago, Ill. dc30-1y

JAMES H. ELDREDGE. GEO. P. ELDREDGE.

ELDREDGE & BRO.,

Publishers, Stationers, Booksellers,

No. 17 and 19 South Sixth Street,
(Above Chestnut,) PHILADELPHIA.

Particular attention paid to the country trade.

Always on hand a large supply of Letter, Cap, Note Bill, and Wrapping Paper; Envelopes; School and Miscellaneous Books; Pens, Ink, Slates, Mucilage, Photograph Albums, Paper Bags, &c., &c., &c.

Liberal terms to cash customers. aug28,'65-1y

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE,

superior to any now in the city.

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with any room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

TO ALL BOOK BUYERS.

JAS. K. SIMON, 33 south Sixth street, Philadelphia, is agent for the following valuable books:

Appleton's New American Cyclopedia—16 Vols.
" History of the Rebellion—1 large Vol.
" *Dictionary of Mechanics—2 vols.*
Rebellion Record, by Frank Moore—8 "
Washington Irving's Works, 22 "
Cooper's Novels. Dicken's Works.
Merivale & Gibbon's Rome.
Macaulay's Works.
Ure's Dictionary of Arts and Manufactures.
Bancroft's United States—8 vols. &c., &c.

I furnish all books published, for public and private Libraries, at wholesale prices. Send a list of any Books wanted, with a stamp, for prices, which will be sent by return mail. my23 3m

INVENTORS' OFFICES.

D'EPINEUIL & EVANS,

Civil Engineers and Patent Solicitors,

No. 435 Walnut St., Philada.

Patents solicited — Consultations on Engineering, Draughting and Sketches, Models and Machinery of all kinds made and skillfully attended to. Special attention given to REJECTED CASES and INTERFERENCES.—Authentic copies of all Documents from Patent Office procured.

N. B.—Save yourselves useless trouble and traveling expenses, as there is no actual need for personal interview with us. All business with these Offices, can be transacted in writing. For further information direct as above with stamp enclosed, for Circular with references. January17, 1865-1y

The Celebrated Wrought Iron

AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

(With patent Dust Screen,)

Manufactured by

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. Corner 13th and Filbert street, Phila.

The firm of Bartlett & Reynolds having this day, June 30, 1866, dissolved, the undersigned will continue to manufacture their justly celebrated Heater at the old stand. It is the only one perfectly adapted to the burning of bituminous coal.

☞ Send for illustrated pamphlet!

jy10 2m J. REYNOLDS & SON.

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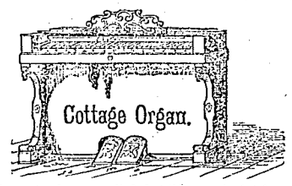

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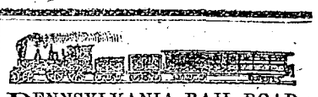

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